INTRODUCTION

The University Observatory, also known as the Department of Astronomy, was designed by architect Charles Barry. Located in the University Parks, it was built in 1873-5 to house a school of astronomical physics, the main focus of which would be research. Howard Grubb, astronomical instrument maker, was commissioned by the University to build a 12.25 inch equatorial refracting telescope for the Observatory and Warren De La Rue, a wealthy amateur astronomer, donated a reflecting telescope. A lecture theatre was added to the Observatory in 1877-8. Although Oxford was already home to the Radcliffe Observatory, built in the 1770s and owned by the Radcliffe Trustees, the University Observatory was the University's first own Observatory. Its conception reflected the growing prominence of physics and the sciences more generally at the University; the Clarendon Laboratory had been constructed in 1868 and in 1870 Preliminary Honour Examinations had been introduced in Mechanics and Physics.

The construction of the University Observatory was overseen by the Savilian Professor of Astronomy, Charles Pritchard, who, along with John Phillips, the Keeper of the University Museum until 1874, helped to ensure that the proposal for a new observatory passed through Convocation. Holders of the Savilian Professorship, founded in 1619 by an endowment by Sir Henry Savile and attached to a fellowship at New College from 1877, were in charge of the University Observatory. At that time the Professor was elected by a board consisting of the Chancellor of the University, the President of the Royal Society, the Astronomer Royal, the Radcliffe Observer, the Warden of New College, an individual nominated by the Warden and Fellows of New College and another nominated by Hebdomadal Council.

The University Observatory was under the superintendence of the Visitors of the University Observatory, a body created by University Statute in 1875. The Visitors, meeting at least once a term, included the Vice-Chancellor, the Proctors, the Astronomer Royal, the Director of the University Observatory at Cambridge, the Radcliffe Observer and four others elected by Congregation. Each year the Savilian Professor of Astronomy presented a report to the Visitors of the University Observatory.

As Professor, Pritchard focused the work of the Department upon visual stellar photometry and the application of photography to the determination of stellar parallaxes. Under Herbert Hall Turner, Pritchard’s successor, initially the work of the Observatory centred upon the Oxford zone of the Astrographic Catalogue, completed in 1905. However, technological advancements and a lack of investment during the First World War meant much of the astronomical equipment at the Observatory, unchanged since 1890, soon became obsolete. As a result, Turner later turned his attention away from astronomy, focusing instead upon geophysics and seismology; work for the International Seismological Summary took place at the Observatory 1920-46 and a small new wing, devoted primarily to seismology, was added to the Observatory in 1928.
INTRODUCTION

In 1930 a Committee on the Future of Astronomy in Oxford was formed in response to the Radcliffe Observatory’s proposed move to South Africa, producing a report two years later. It was in response to this debate that Savilian Professor Harry Hemley Plaskett proposed additional funding for the University Observatory. Thus, a new solar telescope and spectroscope was constructed for the University Observatory in 1935 and the Observatory soon became a centre for the study of solar physics. Plaskett prioritised graduate research, recruiting graduate assistants to work at the Observatory. Another, larger, solar telescope was completed in 1954 and a small tower for the telescope and a tunnel for its spectroscope were erected to the north of the Observatory buildings in 1957.

The Observatory was renamed the Department of Astrophysics in 1961 and, in the decade that followed, the theoretical section of the department grew rapidly. An Interdepartmental Committee for Theoretical Astrophysics was established in 1974. The cluster of buildings known as the Science Area developed around the Observatory, hindering observational work and making the redevelopment of the Observatory site more appealing. Discussions took place regarding the possible move of the Observatory elsewhere, for instance to Heythrop College, but these plans failed to materialise.

In 1973 the Board of the Faculty of Physical Sciences recommended that observational work cease to be carried out at the Observatory from 1979, and that the department integrate more closely with other physics departments. In 1977 the Visitors of the University Observatory were abolished, having held their final meeting the previous year, and in 1990 a single Department of Physics was formed from Astrophysics; Atmospheric, Oceanic and Planetary Physics; the Clarendon Laboratory; Nuclear Physics; and Theoretical Physics.

The records of the Department of Astrophysics were transferred to the University Archives in 1988.

Savilian Professors of Astronomy from 1870

1870  Charles Pritchard
1893  Herbert Hall Turner
1930-2  Vacant
1932  Henry Hemley Plaskett
1960  Donald Eustace Blackwell
1988  George Petros Efstathiou
1999  Joseph Ivor Silk

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Minutes of the Visitors of the University Observatory held by Oxford University Archives: DC 8/1

Oxford Dictionary of National Biography

*Compiled 2009*
Correspondence and related papers of Charles Pritchard [Savilian Professor of Astronomy 1870-93] regarding the design, equipment and construction of the University Observatory. 1872-92

1. Correspondence with a range of individuals including James Simms, Charles Barry, DC Millar and Warren De La Rue. 1873-7

2. Letters from, and written on behalf of, Charles Barry. 1873-4

3. Correspondence with P Prichard Baly, Engineer, DC Millar & Co and others predominantly relating to the construction of the Observatory. 1873-4

4. Letters from Troughton and Simms, Opticians and Mathematical Instrument Makers. 1886-91

5. Correspondence with Warren De La Rue. 1873-89

6. Correspondence with Howard Grubb. 1872-92

Notes on desiderata for the completion of the University Observatory; with related correspondence and a copy of a 1878 report of a committee of the Visitors of the University Observatory. 1878-94

Register and journal of phototelescope including photographs; with related notes. 1890-9

Notes and diagrams giving directions for the silvering of a glass specula. 1887

Letters, in French, to Charles Pritchard from Admiral Ernest Mouchez, Director of the Observatoire du Paris; with notice of his death. 1889-92
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AS 6/1-3 Correspondence and related papers of Herbert Hall Turner [Savilian Professor of Astronomy 1893-1930]. 1858-1930


2. Letter from David Williams [Vice-Chancellor 1856-8] to John Stevens, farmer and lease-holder, regarding the relinquishing of land for the University Museum site where the University Observatory was subsequently built, forwarded to Turner by Francis Williams with note on the reverse. 1858-1922

3. Letters to Turner, press cuttings and related papers on the discovery and naming of Pluto. 1930

AS 7 Reprints of articles by Charles Pritchard; with related correspondence, notes and annotations. 1878-94

AS 8 Reprint of obituary of Charles Pritchard by Herbert Hall Turner. 1894

AS 9 Reprints and copies of articles by Herbert Hall Turner; with printed ‘List of Papers’ copies of which ‘have unfortunately not been preserved’. 1893-1900

AS 10 Transcript of Herbert Hall Turner's lecture on Halley's Comet presented to the British Association meeting at Dublin. 1908

AS 11 Reprints of obituaries of Herbert Hall Turner held by the University Observatory’s library. 1930-1

AS 12 Copies and reprints of articles on astronomy held by the University Observatory's library, including those by Herbert Hall Turner and John Knight Fotheringham [Assistant at the University Observatory 1918-36]; with related papers. 1927-50
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AS 13  Reprint of illustrated article 'The Secrets of the Stars. Work at the Norman Lockyer Observatory' by A Barry in *Town and Country News* (1931); with photographs of the Lick Observatory in California and the Hamburg-Bergedorf Observatory in Hamburg. c1931

AS 14  Reproduction of a photograph (callotype) of the University Observatory. c1875-90